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SAFETY DATA SHEET

REF: FULL FORCE_DEGREASER_GHS_SDS Page 1 of 7

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

GHS IDENTIFIER CHIEFS FULL FORCE DEGREASER

PRODUCT (MATERIAL) NAME

OTHER NAMES

PROPER SHIPPING NAME

RECOMMENDED USE Heavy Duty cleaning detergent / quick break degreaser liquid.

Dilution rates: various 1/10 to 1/300 in water.

SUPPLIER NAME/ADDRESS CHEMISTRY HOUSE PTY LTD 9 Production Avenue Molendinar 4214 Queensland

TELEPHONE NO. +61-(0) 7-5594-0344 Facsimile: +61-(0)7-5594-0236

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER 000 Hours: 0800-1700 Monday-Friday

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HAZARD Not classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code

CLASSIFICATION OF (ADG Code) for Transport by Road and Rail; NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

SUBSTANCE

/MIXTURE This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia; HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

SUSMP SCHEDULE 5 CAUTION

HAZARD CATEGORY Corrosive to Metals - Category 1

Acute Oral Toxicity - Category 4 Skin Corrosion - Sub-category 1A

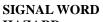
Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 1)

Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 2 Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3

PICTOGRAMS







HAZARD STATEMENTS DANGER

H290 May be corrosive to metals. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation H401 Toxic to aquatic life

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

GENERAL P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102 Keep out of reach of children P103 Read label before use

PREVENTION P234 Keep only in original container.

P260 Do not breathe dust //fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

RESPONSE P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P321 Specific treatment (see First Aid Measures on Safety Data Sheet).

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

STORAGE P405 Store locked up.

P406 Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

DISPOSAL P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>MIXTURE</u>			
Chemical identity of ingredients	CAS Number(s) for	Proportion of	Hazard codes
	ingredients	ingredients	
(C10-16) Saturated alkylbenzenesulfonic	68081-81-2	<5%	H302; H315; H318; H335
acid, sodium salt.			H401 H411
			Below cutoff
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	>=0.5%Conc<2%:	H290; H314
70.1			

If the sum of ingredients is less than 100%, the material consists of further ingredients determined not to be hazardous or below their cut-off limits as listed in HCIS.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor.

Ingestion:

Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass

Ingestion: Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallo

Eye Contact:

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15

minutes.

Skin: If spilt on large areas of skin or hair, immediately drench with running water and remove clothing. Continue to wash skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is

insoluble) until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Remove victim from area of exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. For all but the most minor symptoms arrange for patient to be seen by a doctor as soon as possible, either on site or at the nearest

hospital.

Medical attention or special treatment required

Inhalation:

ADVICE TO DOCTOR. Treat symptomatically. Can cause corneal burns.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA Not combustible, however, if material is involved in a fire use: Fine water spray,

normal foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

SPECIFIC HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE

SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Non-combustible material.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE PRECAUTIONS AND

EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS

Not combustible, however following evaporation of aqueous component residual material can decompose if involved in a fire, emitting toxic fumes. Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of

exposure to products of decomposition.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES
/ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Clear area of all unprotected personnel. If contamination of sewers or waterways has

NVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: occurred advise local emergency services.

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT /METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

prevent skin and eye contact and breathing in vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. Caution - heat may be evolved on contact with water.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

This material is a Scheduled Poison S5 and must be stored, maintained and used in accordance with the relevant regulations. Avoid skin and eye contact and breathing in vapour, mists and aerosols. Keep out of PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

reach of children.

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE,

INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from foodstuffs. Do not store in aluminium or

galvanised containers nor use die-cast zinc or aluminium bungs; plastic

bungs should be used. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for

leaks.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

CONTROL PARAMETERS: No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia. However, Workplace

Exposure Standard(s) for constituent(s):

Sodium hydroxide: Peak Limitation = 2 mg/m³

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne

Contaminants.

APPROPRIATE

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Ensure ventilation is adequate and that air concentrations of components are controlled below quoted Workplace Exposure Standards. Keep containers closed when not in use.

If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE

INDIVIDUAL PROTECTION MEASURES, SUCH AS PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, GLOVES APRON, SAFETY BOOTS.









Wear overalls, chemical goggles, face shield, elbow-length impervious gloves, splash apron or equivalent chemical impervious outer garment, and rubber boots. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet.

Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear a suitable mist respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Dark Blue to Purple, mobile medium foaming liquid. Flammability: Not Applicable No data Melting Point: 100°C

Boiling Point: Flash Point: unknown Vapour Pressure: unknown Volatiles: Not stated Vapour Density unknown Flammability Limits unknown pH as supplied 13.0-13.5 Specific Gravity: 1.05-1.10

Solubility in water miscible

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Reactivity Reacts with acids.

Chemical stability Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of

temperature and pressure.

Conditions to avoid Avoid contact with foodstuffs.

Incompatible materials Incompatible with aluminum, tin, and zinc.

Hazardous decomposition products None known.

Possibility of Hazardous reactions Will react with acids.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label.

Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Ingestion: Swallowing can result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea, abdominal pain and chemical burns to

the gastrointestinal tract.

Eye Contact: A severe eye irritant. Corrosive to eyes; contact can cause corneal burns.

Contamination of eyes can result in permanent injury.

Skin contact: Contact with skin will result in severe irritation. Corrosive to skin - may cause skin burns.

Inhalation: Breathing in mists or aerosols may produce respiratory irritation.

ACUTE DELAYED

ACUTE TOXICITY: LD₅₀ATE mix > 4000mg/kg for the product.

Acute toxicity:	Not expected to be toxic
Skin corrosion/irritation:	Expected to be an irritant.
Serious eye damage/irritation:	Expected to be an irritant.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:	Not expected to be a sensitiser.
Germ cell mutagenicity:	Not expected to be mutagenic.
Carcinogenicity:	Not expected to be carcinogenic.
Reproductive toxicity:	Not expected to impair fertility.
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	No data
(STOT) – single exposure:	
Specific Target Organ Toxicity	No data
(STOT) – repeated exposure:	
Aspiration hazard:	Not expected to be a hazard.

Aggravated medical conditions caused by exposure

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY	Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
ECOTOXICITY	Lovic to adjustic life. Harmful to adjustic life with long lacting effects

Acute toxicity:

Fish – LC ₅₀	1.67 mg/l, 96 hours
Aquatic invertebrate – EC ₅₀ Daphnia	2.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Algae – EC ₅₀	29 mg/l, 96 hours
Microorganisms –	Data not available

Chronic toxicity:

Fish –	Data not available
Aquatic invertebrate –	Data not available
Algae –	Data not available
Microorganisms –	Data not available

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY Expected to be readily biodegradable.

MOBILITY No data available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE (EXPOSURE) Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses. DO

NOT discharge into sewer or waterways

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL	Moderate bioaccumulation. Might accumulate in water course, soil and impact flora and fauna, in certain cases might lead to fish kill. PBT/vPvB Fail to meet the criteria
SECTION 13 DISPOSAL COI	NSIDERATIONS
DISPOSAL METHODS AND CONTAINERS	Refer to State Land Waste Management Authority. Empty containers must be decontaminated. Normally suitable for disposal at approved land waste site.
SECTION 14 TRANSPORT IN	
ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT	
	he criteria of the Australian Dangerous Goods Code (ADG Code) for Transport by OODS
UN NUMBER	Not applicable
UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME	Not applicable
CLASS AND SUBSIDIARY RISK	Not applicable
PACKING GROUP	Not applicable
SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER	Not applicable \
HAZCHEM CODE	Not applicable \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
MARINE TRANSPORT	
	he criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for
transport by sea; NON-DANGEROUS	
UN NUMBER	Not applicable
UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME	Not applicable
CLASS AND SUBSIDIARY RISK PACKING GROUP	Not applicable Not applicable
SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER	Not applicable Not applicable
HAZCHEM CODE	Not applicable
AIR TRANSPORT	Tvor applicable
	he criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods
Regulations for transport by air; NON-I	
UN NUMBER	Not applicable
UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME	Not applicable
CLASS AND SUBSIDIARY RISK	Not applicable
PACKING GROUP	Not applicable
SECTION 15 REGULATORY	INFORMATION
CLASSIFICATION:	This material is hazardous according to Safe Work Australia;
	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.
CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE	Corrosive to Metals - Category 1
OR MIXTURE:	Acute Oral Toxicity - Category 4
	Skin Corrosion - Sub-category 1A
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 1)
	Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Category 2 Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3
HAZARD STATEMENT(S):	H290 May be corrosive to metals.
HAZARD STATEMENT(S).	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H315 Causes skin irritation
	H401 Toxic to aquatic life
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
POISONS SCHEDULE (SUSMP):	5 CAUTION
AICS	All ingredients are on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
Additional national and/or internationa	l regulatory information.
SECTION 16 OTHER INFORI	MATION
CONTACT PERSON/POINT	FOR EMERGENCIES ONLY CONTACT: Australia: 000
	POISONS INFORMATION CENTRE: Australia 131126
	: New Zealand 0800 764 766

Date of preparation or last revision of the SDS 14 December 2016

Prepared by Glenn Bowring B App Sc (App Chem)

Additional information

Key/legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the SDS.

ADG Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Australian Safety and Compensation Council **ASCC**

Acute Toxicity Estimates ATE

BEI® Biological exposure indices (BEI) are values used for guidance to assess biological monitoring

results. With respect to chemical exposure, biological monitoring is the measurement of the concentration of a chemical marker in a human biological media that indicates exposure. They are

not developed for use as legal standards.

Carcinogen Category

HSIS

1. Established human carcinogen Number Probably human carcinogen

Substances suspected of having carcinogenic potential

Code AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number CAS number Emergency Procedure Guide (superseded by IERG) **EPG**

Hazchem Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services

especially firefighters

The Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) is a database of information on chemicals that **HCIS** have been classified in accordance with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

HCIS replaces the previous Hazardous Substance Information System (HSIS).

HSIS is a database of information on substances classified in accordance with Australia's previous

hazardous substance classification system, the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC:1008(2004)].

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer International Air Transport Association TATA

HB 76-2004 Dangerous goods - Initial Emergency Response Guide IERG

International Maritime Dangerous Goods. A uniform code for transport of dangerous goods at sea. **IMDG**

lower flammable (explosive) limits in air; LEL

Lethal Dose sufficient to kill 50% of test population LD_{50}

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health the United States federal agency responsible

for conducting research and making recommendations for the prevention of work-related injury and

NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level **NOEL** No Observable Effect Level

NOHSC National Occupational Health and Safety Commission

National Toxicology Program (USA) NTP

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

RTECS Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (Symyx Technologies')

Toxic Concentration Low TCLo

Toxic Dose Low: lowest dosage per unit of bodyweight (typically stated in milligrams per kilogram) TD_{LO}

of a substance known to have produced signs of toxicity in a particular animal species.

TLV Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH): The time weighted average used to describe exposure which is

harmless to most of the population when exposed 8 hours per day, 40 hours per week.

TWA (Time Weighted Average): The average airborne concentration of a particular substance when

calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day week.

These exposure standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of

chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Independent statutory agency with primary responsibility to improve occupational health and safety **SAFEWORK**

and workers' compensation arrangements across Australia.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit): The average airborne concentration over a 15-minute period which

should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

SUSDP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs & Poisons
SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

UEL upper flammable (explosive) limits in air;

UN Number United Nations Number

VOC Volatile Organic Content - defined as: 'any chemical compound based on carbon chains or rings with a vapour

pressure greater than 0.1mm of mercury (Hg) or 0.0135Kpa at 25°C. This definition excludes reactive diluents, which are designed to be chemically bound into the cured film. It also includes all constituents >0.5% by volume of formulation, which

are organic compounds with a boiling point < 250°C.'

 $Literature\ references.$

Sources for data. Safety Data Sheets from Suppliers

Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - ASCC Australia (on-line) GHS (Globally Harmonised System of Substance Classification & Labelling)

REACH (European Chemical Substance Information System)

ADG Code 7th Edition

SUSMP No 13

DISCLAIMER:

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since CHEMISTRY HOUSE Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material. If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact CHEMISTRY HOUSE Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1. CHEMISTRY HOUSE Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request. CHEMISTRY HOUSE Pty Ltd however makes no warranty whatsoever, expressed, implied or of merchantability regarding the accuracy of such data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof and assumes no responsibility for injury to buyer or third persons or for any damage to property, Buyer assumes all-trisks.